題目	投資人關注的動能效應 - 法人買賣超與週轉率的觀點
	傅英芬(台南應用科技大學財務金融系 副教授)
作者	劉海清(南臺科技大學財務金融系 副教授)
	蔡惠丞(南臺科技大學財務金融系 助理教授)
	張民昌(南臺科技大學財務金融系 助理教授)
摘要	本文以法人買賣超股做為法人情緒的替代變數,以觀察其對後續酬率的影響。過去
	 文獻曾以週轉率代表投資人對某支股票的關注,而投資人是否也會關注法人買賣超的股
	 票,進而使得這些股票產生動能現象,值得進一步的研究。本文的 Panel Data 迴歸結果
	 顯示法人淨買超贏家股票對後期績效有顯著正向的影響效果,但週轉率贏家與下期績效
	則成反向關係。超額報酬的一維分類結果顯示在短期與長期都可以看到超額報酬的動能
	效應,法人淨買超的結果顯示不論短中長期均具動能效應,週轉率的一維分類結果則顯
	示中長期具反轉效應。而二維分類中,若能採買績效與法人淨買超贏家、賣績效與法人
	淨買超輸家的策略或買績效贏家與週轉率輸家、賣績效輸家與週轉率贏家策略,則不論
	持有期長短其績效均顯著為正且均優於一維分類相對之各持有期績效。雖然週轉率已經
	是一個不錯的反轉策略指標,但法人買賣超亦可做為法人情緒的替代變數,因此投資人
	可以法人買賣超資訊做為投資時的參考依據。
關鍵字	法人買賣超、動能效應、週轉率
Title	The Momentum Effect that Investors Pay Attention to: Perspectives on Institutional Buying
	and Selling, and Turnover Rate
	Ying-Fen, Fu (Associate Professor, Department of Finance, Tainan University of Technology)
Author	Hai-Ching, Liu (Associate Professor, Department of Finance, Southern Taiwan University of
	Science and Technology)
	Hui-Cheng, Tsai (Assistant Professor, Department of Finance, Southern Taiwan University of
	Science and Technology)
	Min-Chang, Chang (Assistant Professor, Department of Finance, Southern Taiwan University
	of Science and Technology)
Abstract	This paper uses institutional investors' net buying and selling activity as a proxy for
	institutional sentiment to observe its impact on subsequent returns. Previous literature has used
	turnover rate to represent investors' attention to a particular stock. It is worth further research to
	explore whether investors also focus on stocks with significant net buying or selling by
	institutions, potentially leading to stronger momentum effects. The results of this study's Panel
	Data regression analysis show that the winner-stock portfolio of institutional net buying has a
	significant positive impact on future performance, while the relationship between turnover rate
	winners and subsequent performance is negative. The one-dimensional classification results for
	excess returns indicate a momentum effect in both the short and long term. The results for net
	institutional buying show a momentum effect across the short, medium, and long term. In
	contrast, the one-dimensional classification results for turnover rate reveal a reversal effect in
	the medium and long term. In the two-dimensional classification, if strategies such as buying
	performance winners and net-buying winners by institutional investors while selling
	performance losers and net-buying losers by institutional investors, or buying performance
	winners and turnover rate losers while selling performance losers and turnover rate winners are
	adopted, the performance remains significantly positive regardless of the holding period and

	consistently outperforms the corresponding holding period performance in one-dimensional
	classification. While the turnover rate is already a good indicator for reversal strategies,
	institutional net buying and selling can also serve as a proxy for institutional sentiment. Given
	that relevant information is frequently reported in the media, investors can use institutional net
	buying and selling information as a reference for their investment decisions.
Keyword	Institutional net buying and selling, Momentum effect, Turnover rate