題目	等待時間資訊、人格特質與服務屬性對消費者等待時間知覺的影響				
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150 mm	吳思韻(國立嘉義大學行銷與流通管理研究所研究生) 大四次是大統計等法式開始。				
摘要	本研究旨在探討等待時間資訊、人格特質與服務屬性對等待時間知覺的影響,以及上述,其四次,經費時間知覺的影響,以及上述,其四次,經費時,完實際計學,以及上				
	述三個自變數間的交互作用情形。本研究採實驗室實驗法(Laboratory				
	Experimentation)進行,本文的實驗設計內容為操弄「等待時間資訊(有告知 vs.無告				
	知)」對消費者等待時間知覺的影響,並將「服務屬性(享樂性 vs.功能性)」和「人格特」 原(A 刑 vs. P 刑 人权特質)。當性調節變數,故太立為,但 2、2、2 的完全受討者則認				
	質(A型 vs. B型人格特質)」當做調節變數,故本文為一個 2x2x2 的完全受試者間設計。本文的研究结果原子。(1)按照直線性职致的消费者会比按照对象的消费者				
	計。本文的研究結果顯示,(1)接受享樂性服務的消費者會比接受功能性服務的消費者 有較短的等待時間知覺;(2)有告知等待時間會讓消費者有較短的等待時間知覺;(3)				
	相較於 B 型人格特質的消費者,A 型人格特質的消費者會知覺到較長的等待時間。本 文亦有新的研究發現是:(1)在功能性服務下,人格特質與等待時間資訊,對消費者的				
	等待時間知覺具有交互作用;(2)在 A 型人格特質下,服務屬性與等待時間資訊,對消				
	· 要有時間知覺具有文互作用。 一學者的等待時間知覺具有交互作用。				
	等待時間資訊、人格特質、服務屬性、等待時間知覺				
Title	The Effects of Waiting Time Information, Personality Characteristics and				
	Service Attributes on the Waiting Time Perception				
Author(s)	Chih-Hui Hsiao, Chin-Fa Tsai, Szn-Yun Wu				
Abstract	This research aims to examine the influences of waiting time information,				
	personality characteristics and service attributes on the waiting time				
	perception, and, the interactions between these three influential factors. The				
	research is based on the laboratory experimentation. In the experiment, we				
	study that whether waiting time information is given or not has influence on				
	consumers' waiting time perception. The personality characteristics (type A				
	and type B) and service attributes (hedonic and utilitarian) are used as				
	moderators in the experiment. This experimental design is a three-way				
	ANOVA analysis.				
	The major conclusions are a fallows. First consumous more about an action				
	The main conclusions are as follows. First, consumers percept shorter waiting				
	time when they are given hedonic service than given utilitarian service.				
	Second, consumers percept shorter waiting time when they are given waiting				
	time information. Third, consumers with type A personality percept shorter waiting time than those with type B personality. We also have the following				
	new findings. When consumers are given utilitarian service, personality				
	characteristics and waiting time information have interactions on consumers'				
	waiting time perception. For consumers with type A personality, service				
	attributes and waiting time information have interactions on consumers'				
	waiting time perception.				
Key Words	Waiting Time Information, Personality Characteristics, Service Attributes,				
	Waiting Time Perception				
	waiting time refeeption				